

अंग्रेजी/English	वेदभूषण चतुर्थ-वर्ष परीक्षा / Vedabhusan Fourth Year Examination कक्षा - 9वीं / पूर्व मध्यमा - I / Class 9 <sup>th</sup> / Purv Madhyama - I	SET-A
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प्रश्न पत्र संख्या / Que. Paper No. : IV/22-23/English/

जांचकर्ता द्वारा भरा जाएगा / To be filled in by Evaluator

अंकों का विवरण / Details of Marks			
विषय / Subject	पूर्णांक / Max. Marks	प्राप्तांक / Marks obtained	जांचकर्ता के हस्ताक्षर Sign. of Evaluator
अंग्रेजी / English	100		

### Section A

(Reading – 20M)

**Q.1 Read the passage given below and answer the following questions:**

**20**

Homeopathy is a form of alternative medicine, first proposed by German physician Samuel Hahnemann in 1796 that attempts to treat patients with heavily diluted medicines. Homeopathic remedies are prepared by serial dilution with shaking by forceful striking, which homeopaths term succession after each dilution under the assumption that this increases the effect of the treatment. Homeopaths call this process potentization. Dilution often continues until none of the original substance remains. Homeopathic reference books known as repertories are then consulted, and a remedy is selected based on the totality of symptoms. Homeopathic remedies are considered safe but are criticized for putting patients at risk due to advice against conventional medicine such as vaccinations, antimalarial drugs, and antibiotics. Depending on the dilution, homeopathic remedies may not contain any pharmacologically active molecules, and for such remedies to have a pharmacological effect would violate fundamental principles of science. Modern homeopaths have proposed that water has a memory that allows homeopathic preparations to work without any of the original substance; however, there are no verified observations nor scientifically plausible physical mechanisms for such a phenomenon. The lack of convincing scientific evidence supporting homeopathy's efficacy and its use of remedies lacking active ingredients have caused homeopathy to be described as pseudoscience.

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### Type - I Multiple Choice Questions

Choose the most appropriate option :

- 1.1 Homeopathy treats patients with
  - (A) Heavy medicine
  - (B) Strong medicine
  - (C) Diluted medicine
  - (D) Concentrated medicine
- 1.2 Homeopathic remedies are prepared by serial dilution with shaking by forceful striking, the procedure is known as
  - (A) succession
  - (B) potentization
  - (C) dilution
  - (D) convention
- 1.3 A report of UK states that homeopathy is not more useful than a placebo because after dilution the medicine doesn't contain any.
  - (A) chemical
  - (B) acid
  - (C) vaccine against diseases
  - (D) pharmacologically active substance
- 1.4 Homeopathy is also termed as pseudoscience because:
  - (A) it is based on false notions effectiveness
  - (B) it lacks scientific evidence on its
  - (C) it has side effects
  - (D) it is a slow treatment
- 1.5 The word in the passage which means the same as the facts /objects that make you believe that something is true:
  - (A) pharmacology
  - (B) placebo
  - (C) accredited
  - (D) evidence

### Type- 2 Match the terms in column A with their meaning in column B.

- | A                  | B   |
|--------------------|---|
| (i) Hahnemann      | (a) Homeopathy  |
| (ii) Succession    | (b) a process that increases the effectiveness of treatment |
| (iii) Repertories  | (c) Modern day consideration about homeopathy               |
| (iv) Potentization | (d) A German physician                                      |
| (v) Pseudoscience  | (e) Serial dilution with shaking by forceful striking       |

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**Section – B**

**(Writing and Grammar – 40M)**

**Q.2. Fill in the blanks with correct preposition** **5**

1. The teacher is ..... the class.
2. The cat is ..... the table.
3. Look ..... the black board.
4. The passengers are ..... the platform.
5. A frog jumped ..... the river.

**Q.3. Complete the following with question tags -** **5**

- I like mangoes, ..... ?
- She will not attend the party, ..... ?
- Krishna has eaten food, ..... ?
- You are teachers, ..... ?
- You are not fine, ..... ?

**Q.4. Rewrite the sentences in Passive voice** **10**

1. She buys books.  
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2. He can lift this trunk.  
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3. Jairam stole my watch.  
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**Section – C**  
**(Literature – 40M)**

**Q.7. Read the extract and answer the following questions:**

He who plants a tree,  
Plants a joy.  
Plants a comfort that will never cloy.  
Every day a fresh reality,  
Beautiful and strong,  
To whose shelter throng  
Creatures blithe with song.  
If thou couldst but know, thou happy tree,  
Of the bliss that shall inhabit thee!

- a) Name the poem and the poet. 1

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- b) What role does a tree play for the creatures blithe with song? 1.5

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- c) According to the poet one who plants a tree can get five kinds of joys.  
List those joys in order. 2.5

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**Q.8.** Answer **any five** of the following questions in **25-30** words each: **2 × 5 = 10**

(a) What was the warning given by Yaksha to Yudhishtira ?

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(b) What is meant by Akash and Prana ?

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(c) Why was Balai staying with his uncle ?

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(d) Who was Pippalada ?

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(e) What tempted the girl to tarry ?

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(f) Why planting a tree is planting a hope ?

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**Q.9.** Answer **any five** of the following questions in **50-60** words each: **3 × 5 = 15**

(a) Why are the Devas mentioned in the chapter ? (Prayer For Protection)

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(b) Why didn't Balai want the grass cutter to cut the plants ?

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(c) How did Pippalada survive?

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(d) Explain –“Books are of the people, by the people, for the people.”

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(e) What does ‘bend my knees’ signify?

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(f) What does ‘Beautiful and strong’ mean in the poem ‘Plant Tree’ ?

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**Q.10.** Answer **any two** of the following questions in **120-150** words each: **2 × 5 = 10**

(a) How does the poet want to treat the poor and the mighty ?

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(b) What does Erwin Schrodinger say in his book?

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